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safely and naturally protects surfaces from harmful germs

Clean and dry surface prior to application. Spray, fog or wipe the entire surface, leave to dry then treat again.

Not intended for use on therapeutic devices. Do not dilute.







## Table 2. Active Ingredients and their Working Concentrations Effective Against Coronaviruses

	Active Ingredient (A.I.)
1	Sodium hypochlorite (0.1 – 0.5%) <sup>1</sup>
2	70% ethyl alcohol <sup>1</sup>
3	Povidone-iodine (1% iodine) <sup>1</sup>
4	Chloroxylenol (0.24%) <sup>2</sup>
5	50% isopropanol <sup>3</sup>
6	0.05% benzalkonium chloride <sup>3</sup> (Quaternary Ammonium Compound)
7	50ppm iodine in iodophor <sup>3</sup>
8	0.23% sodium chlorite <sup>3</sup>
9	1% cresol soap <sup>3</sup> (sodium alkyl-ben-zene sulfonate)
10	Hydrogen peroxide (0.5-7.0%) <sup>4</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sattar SA, Springthorpe VS, Karim Y, Loro P. (1989). Chemical disinfection of non-porous inanimate surfaces experimentally contaminated with four human pathogenic viruses. Epidemiol. Infect. 102:493-505; Tested against coronavirus 229E.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Wood A, Payne D. (1998) The action of three antiseptic/disinfectants against enveloped and non-enveloped viruses. Journal of Hospital Infection. 38:283-295; Tested against human coronavirus